

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 SB2513

Introduced 2/15/2008, by Sen. Terry Link

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Illinois Banking Act, the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985, the Savings Bank Act, the Illinois Credit Union Act, and the Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987. Defines "Secretary" as the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation, or a person authorized by the Secretary or by the Acts to act in the Secretary's stead and changes some provisions to reference the Secretary instead of the Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate or the Director of Financial Institutions. Allows the Secretary to adopt emergency and general rules to adjust regulatory rates in some Acts and decreases regulatory fees in other Acts. Provides that (1) the specified sum shall be transferred from the Bank and Trust Company Fund, the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund, and the Credit Union Fund to the General Revenue Fund on the effective date of the amendatory Act; (2) the Governor may, during any fiscal year through January 10, 2011, from time to time direct the State Treasurer and Comptroller to transfer a specified sum not exceeding 10% of the revenues to be deposited into the Bank and Trust Company Fund during that fiscal year from that Fund to the General Revenue Fund in order to help defray the State's operating costs for the fiscal year; and (3) the total sum transferred during any fiscal year through January 10, 2011, from the Bank and Trust Company Fund to the General Revenue Fund pursuant to the State Finance Act or any other law shall not exceed during any fiscal year 10% of the revenues to be deposited into the Bank and Trust Company Fund during that fiscal year. Makes other changes. Effective immediately.

LRB095 18312 MJR 44396 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Banking Act is amended by changing

 Sections 2 and 48 and by adding Section 2.7 as follows:
- 6 (205 ILCS 5/2) (from Ch. 17, par. 302)
- Sec. 2. General definitions. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words and phrases
- 9 shall have the following meanings:
- "Accommodation party" shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in Section 3-419 of the Uniform Commercial Code.
- "Action" in the sense of a judicial proceeding includes recoupments, counterclaims, set-off, and any other proceeding
- in which rights are determined.
- 15 "Affiliate facility" of a bank means a main banking
- 16 premises or branch of another commonly owned bank. The main
- banking premises or any branch of a bank may be an "affiliate
- 18 facility" with respect to one or more other commonly owned
- 19 banks.
- 20 "Appropriate federal banking agency" means the Federal
- 21 Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Bank of
- 22 Chicago, or the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, as
- 23 determined by federal law.

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"Bank" means any person doing a banking business whether subject to the laws of this or any other jurisdiction.

A "banking house", "branch", "branch bank" or "branch office" shall mean any place of business of a bank at which deposits are received, checks paid, or loans made, but shall not include any place at which only records thereof are made, posted, or kept. A place of business at which deposits are received, checks paid, or loans made shall not be deemed to be a branch, branch bank, or branch office if the place of business is adjacent to and connected with the main banking premises, or if it is separated from the main banking premises by not more than an alley; provided always that (i) if the place of business is separated by an alley from the main banking premises there is a connection between the two by public or private way or by subterranean or overhead passage, and (ii) if the place of business is in a building not wholly occupied by the bank, the place of business shall not be within any office or room in which any other business or service of any kind or nature other than the business of the bank is conducted or carried on. A place of business at which deposits are received, checks paid, or loans made shall not be deemed to be a branch, branch bank, or branch office (i) of any bank if the place is a terminal established and maintained in accordance with paragraph (17) of Section 5 of this Act, or (ii) of a commonly owned bank by virtue of transactions conducted at that place on behalf of the other commonly owned

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- bank under paragraph (23) of Section 5 of this Act if the place
 is an affiliate facility with respect to the other bank.
- "Branch of an out-of-state bank" means a branch established or maintained in Illinois by an out-of-state bank as a result of a merger between an Illinois bank and the out-of-state bank that occurs on or after May 31, 1997, or any branch established by the out-of-state bank following the merger.
 - "Bylaws" means the bylaws of a bank that are adopted by the bank's board of directors or shareholders for the regulation and management of the bank's affairs. If the bank operates as a limited liability company, however, "bylaws" means the operating agreement of the bank.
- "Call report fee" means the fee to be paid to the <u>Secretary</u>

 Commissioner by each State bank pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of Section 48 of this Act.
 - "Capital" includes the aggregate of outstanding capital stock and preferred stock.
 - "Cash flow reserve account" means the account within the books and records of the <u>Secretary Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate</u> used to record funds designated to maintain a reasonable Bank and Trust Company Fund operating balance to meet agency obligations on a timely basis.
- "Charter" includes the original charter and all amendments thereto and articles of merger or consolidation.
- 25 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Banks and Real
 26 Estate or a person authorized by the Commissioner, the Office

of Banks and Real Estate Act, or this Act to act in the Commissioner's stead.

"Commonly owned banks" means 2 or more banks that each qualify as a bank subsidiary of the same bank holding company pursuant to Section 18 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act; "commonly owned bank" refers to one of a group of commonly owned banks but only with respect to one or more of the other banks in the same group.

"Community" means a city, village, or incorporated town and also includes the area served by the banking offices of a bank, but need not be limited or expanded to conform to the geographic boundaries of units of local government.

"Company" means a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, business trust, association, or similar organization and, unless specifically excluded, includes a "State bank" and a "bank".

"Consolidating bank" means a party to a consolidation.

"Consolidation" takes place when 2 or more banks, or a trust company and a bank, are extinguished and by the same process a new bank is created, taking over the assets and assuming the liabilities of the banks or trust company passing out of existence.

"Continuing bank" means a merging bank, the charter of which becomes the charter of the resulting bank.

"Converting bank" means a State bank converting to become a national bank, or a national bank converting to become a State

- 1 bank.
- 2 "Converting trust company" means a trust company
- 3 converting to become a State bank.
- 4 "Court" means a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 5 "Director" means a member of the board of directors of a
- 6 bank. In the case of a manager-managed limited liability
- 7 company, however, "director" means a manager of the bank and,
- 8 in the case of a member-managed limited liability company,
- 9 "director" means a member of the bank. The term "director" does
- 10 not include an advisory director, honorary director, director
- 11 emeritus, or similar person, unless the person is otherwise
- 12 performing functions similar to those of a member of the board
- of directors.
- "Eligible depository institution" means an insured savings
- association that is in default, an insured savings association
- 16 that is in danger of default, a State or national bank that is
- in default or a State or national bank that is in danger of
- 18 default, as those terms are defined in this Section, or a new
- 19 bank as that term defined in Section 11(m) of the Federal
- 20 Deposit Insurance Act or a bridge bank as that term is defined
- 21 in Section 11(n) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or a new
- 22 federal savings association authorized under Section
- 23 11(d)(2)(f) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
- "Fiduciary" means trustee, agent, executor, administrator,
- 25 committee, guardian for a minor or for a person under legal
- 26 disability, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee for

1 creditors, or any holder of similar position of trust.

"Financial institution" means a bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or any licensee under the Consumer Installment Loan Act or the Sales Finance Agency Act and, for purposes of Section 48.3, any proprietary network, funds transfer corporation, or other entity providing electronic funds transfer services, or any corporate fiduciary, its subsidiaries, affiliates, parent company, or contractual service provider that is examined by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u>.

"Foundation" means the Illinois Bank Examiners' Education Foundation.

"General obligation" means a bond, note, debenture, security, or other instrument evidencing an obligation of the government entity that is the issuer that is supported by the full available resources of the issuer, the principal and interest of which is payable in whole or in part by taxation.

"Guarantee" means an undertaking or promise to answer for payment of another's debt or performance of another's duty, liability, or obligation whether "payment guaranteed" or "collection guaranteed".

"In danger of default" means a State or national bank, a federally chartered insured savings association or an Illinois state chartered insured savings association with respect to which the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> or the appropriate federal banking agency has advised the Federal Deposit Insurance

1 Corporation that:

2	(1)	in	the	opinion	of	the	Secretary	Commissioner	or	the
3	appropri	iate	e fe	deral ba	nki	ng a	gency,			

- (A) the State or national bank or insured savings association is not likely to be able to meet the demands of the State or national bank's or savings association's obligations in the normal course of business; and
- (B) there is no reasonable prospect that the State or national bank or insured savings association will be able to meet those demands or pay those obligations without federal assistance; or
- (2) in the opinion of the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> or the appropriate federal banking agency,
 - (A) the State or national bank or insured savings association has incurred or is likely to incur losses that will deplete all or substantially all of its capital; and
 - (B) there is no reasonable prospect that the capital of the State or national bank or insured savings association will be replenished without federal assistance.

"In default" means, with respect to a State or national bank or an insured savings association, any adjudication or other official determination by any court of competent jurisdiction, the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u>, the appropriate

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federal banking agency, or other public authority pursuant to 1

which a conservator, receiver, or other legal custodian is

appointed for a State or national bank or an insured savings

association.

"Insured savings association" means any federal savings association chartered under Section 5 of the federal Home Owners' Loan Act and any State savings association chartered under the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 or predecessor Illinois statute, the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The term also includes a savings bank organized or operating under the Savings Bank Act.

"Insured savings association in recovery" means an insured savings association that is not an eligible depository institution and that does not meet the minimum capital requirements applicable with respect to the insured savings association.

"Issuer" means for purposes of Section 33 every person who shall have issued or proposed to issue any security; except that (1) with respect to certificates of deposit, voting trust certificates, collateral-trust certificates, and certificates of interest or shares in an unincorporated investment trust not having a board of directors (or persons performing similar functions), "issuer" means the person or persons performing the acts and assuming the duties of depositor or manager pursuant to the provisions of the trust, agreement, or instrument under

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which the securities are issued; (2) with respect to trusts 1 2 other than those specified in clause (1) above, where the 3 trustee is a corporation authorized to accept and execute trusts, "issuer" means the entrusters, depositors, or creators 5 of the trust and any manager or committee charged with the general direction of the affairs of the trust pursuant to the 6 7 provisions of the agreement or instrument creating the trust; 8 and (3) with respect to equipment trust certificates or like 9 securities, "issuer" means the person to whom the equipment or

"Letter of credit" and "customer" shall have the meanings ascribed to those terms in Section 5-102 of the Uniform Commercial Code.

property is or is to be leased or conditionally sold.

"Main banking premises" means the location that is designated in a bank's charter as its main office.

"Maker or obligor" means for purposes of Section 33 the issuer of a security, the promisor in a debenture or other debt security, or the mortgagor or grantor of a trust deed or similar conveyance of a security interest in real or personal property.

"Merged bank" means a merging bank that is not the continuing, resulting, or surviving bank in a consolidation or merger.

- "Merger" includes consolidation.
- "Merging bank" means a party to a bank merger.
- "Merging trust company" means a trust company party to a

- 1 merger with a State bank.
- 2 "Mid-tier bank holding company" means a corporation that
- 3 (a) owns 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of each
- 4 class of stock of a State bank, (b) has no other subsidiaries,
- 5 and (c) 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of the
- 6 corporation are owned by a parent bank holding company.
- 7 "Municipality" means any municipality, political
- 8 subdivision, school district, taxing district, or agency.
- 9 "National bank" means a national banking association
- 10 located in this State and after May 31, 1997, means a national
- 11 banking association without regard to its location.
- "Out-of-state bank" means a bank chartered under the laws
- of a state other than Illinois, a territory of the United
- 14 States, or the District of Columbia.
- 15 "Parent bank holding company" means a corporation that is a
- 16 bank holding company as that term is defined in the Illinois
- Bank Holding Company Act of 1957 and owns 100% of the issued
- and outstanding shares of a mid-tier bank holding company.
- 19 "Person" means an individual, corporation, limited
- 20 liability company, partnership, joint venture, trust, estate,
- or unincorporated association.
- "Public agency" means the State of Illinois, the various
- 23 counties, townships, cities, towns, villages, school
- 24 districts, educational service regions, special road
- 25 districts, public water supply districts, fire protection
- 26 districts, drainage districts, levee districts, sewer

districts, housing authorities, the Illinois Bank Examiners'
Education Foundation, the Chicago Park District, and all other
political corporations or subdivisions of the State of
Illinois, whether now or hereafter created, whether herein
specifically mentioned or not, and shall also include any other
state or any political corporation or subdivision of another
state.

"Public funds" or "public money" means current operating funds, special funds, interest and sinking funds, and funds of any kind or character belonging to, in the custody of, or subject to the control or regulation of the United States or a public agency. "Public funds" or "public money" shall include funds held by any of the officers, agents, or employees of the United States or of a public agency in the course of their official duties and, with respect to public money of the United States, shall include Postal Savings funds.

"Published" means, unless the context requires otherwise, the publishing of the notice or instrument referred to in some newspaper of general circulation in the community in which the bank is located at least once each week for 3 successive weeks. Publishing shall be accomplished by, and at the expense of, the bank required to publish. Where publishing is required, the bank shall submit to the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> that evidence of the publication as the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> shall deem appropriate.

"Qualified financial contract" means any security

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contract, commodity contract, forward contract, including spot 1 2 and forward foreign exchange contracts, repurchase agreement, swap agreement, and any similar agreement, any option to enter 3 into any such agreement, including any combination of the 4 5 foregoing, and any master agreement for such agreements. A master agreement, together with all supplements thereto, shall 6 be treated as one qualified financial contract. The contract, 7 8 option, agreement, or combination of contracts, options, or 9 agreements shall be reflected upon the books, accounts, or 10 records of the bank, or a party to the contract shall provide 11 documentary evidence of such agreement.

"Recorded" means the filing or recording of the notice or instrument referred to in the office of the Recorder of the county wherein the bank is located.

"Resulting bank" means the bank resulting from a merger or conversion.

"Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation or a person authorized by the Secretary or by this Act to act in the Secretary's stead.

"Securities" means stocks, bonds, debentures, notes, or other similar obligations.

"Stand-by letter of credit" means a letter of credit under which drafts are payable upon the condition the customer has defaulted in performance of a duty, liability, or obligation.

"State bank" means any banking corporation that has a banking charter issued by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> under this

- 1 Act.
- 2 "State Banking Board" means the State Banking Board of
- 3 Illinois.
- 4 "Subsidiary" with respect to a specified company means a
- 5 company that is controlled by the specified company. For
- 6 purposes of paragraphs (8) and (12) of Section 5 of this Act,
- 7 "control" means the exercise of operational or managerial
- 8 control of a corporation by the bank, either alone or together
- 9 with other affiliates of the bank.
- "Surplus" means the aggregate of (i) amounts paid in excess
- of the par value of capital stock and preferred stock; (ii)
- 12 amounts contributed other than for capital stock and preferred
- 13 stock and allocated to the surplus account; and (iii) amounts
- transferred from undivided profits.
- "Tier 1 Capital" and "Tier 2 Capital" have the meanings
- 16 assigned to those terms in regulations promulgated for the
- 17 appropriate federal banking agency of a state bank, as those
- 18 regulations are now or hereafter amended.
- 19 "Trust company" means a limited liability company or
- 20 corporation incorporated in this State for the purpose of
- 21 accepting and executing trusts.
- "Undivided profits" means undistributed earnings less
- 23 discretionary transfers to surplus.
- 24 "Unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus", for the
- 25 purposes of paragraph (21) of Section 5 and Sections 32, 33,
- 26 34, 35.1, 35.2, and 47 of this Act means the sum of the state

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bank's Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital plus such other shareholder equity as may be included by regulation of the Secretary Commissioner. Unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus shall be calculated on the basis of the date of the quarterly call report filed with the Secretary Commissioner preceding the date of the transaction for which the calculation is made, provided that: (i) when a material event occurs after the date of the last quarterly call report filed with the Secretary Commissioner that reduces or increases the bank's unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus by 10% or more, then the unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus shall be calculated from the date of the material event for a transaction conducted after the date of the material event; and (ii) if the Secretary Commissioner determines for safety and soundness reasons that a state bank should calculate unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus more frequently than provided by this paragraph, the Secretary Commissioner may by written notice direct the bank to calculate unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus at a more frequent interval. In the case of a state bank newly chartered under Section 13 or a state bank resulting from a merger, consolidation, or conversion under Sections 21 through 26 for which no preceding quarterly call been filed with the Secretary Commissioner, report has unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus shall be calculated for the first calendar quarter on the basis of the effective date of the charter, merger, consolidation, or conversion.

1 (Source: P.A. 92-483, eff. 8-23-01; 93-561, eff. 1-1-04.)

- 2 (205 ILCS 5/2.7 new)
- 3 Sec. 2.7. References to Office or Commissioner of Banks and
- 4 Real Estate. Unless the context requires otherwise:
- 5 (1) References in this Act to the Office of Banks and
- Real Estate or "the Office" mean the Department of
- 7 <u>Financial and Professional Regulation.</u>
- 8 (2) References in this Act to the Commissioner of Banks
- 9 <u>and Real Estate or "the Commissioner" mean the Secretary of</u>
- 10 Financial and Professional Regulation.
- 11 (205 ILCS 5/48) (from Ch. 17, par. 359)
- 12 Sec. 48. Secretary's Commissioner's powers; duties. The
- 13 Secretary Commissioner shall have the powers and authority, and
- is charged with the duties and responsibilities designated in
- this Act, and a State bank shall not be subject to any other
- 16 visitorial power other than as authorized by this Act, except
- 17 those vested in the courts, or upon prior consultation with the
- 18 Secretary Commissioner, a foreign bank regulator with an
- 19 appropriate supervisory interest in the parent or affiliate of
- 20 a state bank. In the performance of the Secretary's
- 21 Commissioner's duties:
- 22 (1) The <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> shall call for statements
- from all State banks as provided in Section 47 at least one
- time during each calendar quarter.

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The Secretary Commissioner, as often as (2) Secretary Commissioner shall deem necessary or proper, and no frequently than 18 months following the preceding examination, shall appoint a suitable person or persons to make an examination of the affairs of every State bank, except that for every eligible State bank, as defined by regulation, the Secretary Commissioner in lieu of the examination may accept on an alternating basis the examination made by the eligible State bank's appropriate federal banking agency pursuant to Section 111 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991, provided the appropriate federal banking agency has made such an examination. A person so appointed shall not be a stockholder or officer or employee of any bank which that person may be directed to examine, and shall have powers to make a thorough examination into all the affairs of the bank and in so doing to examine any of the officers or agents or employees thereof on oath and shall make a full and detailed report of the condition of the bank to the Secretary Commissioner. In making the examination the examiners shall include an examination of the affairs of all the affiliates of the bank, as defined in subsection (b) of Section 35.2 of this Act, or subsidiaries of the bank as shall be necessary to fully the conditions of the subsidiaries disclose affiliates, the relations between the bank and the subsidiaries or affiliates and the effect of those relations upon the affairs of the bank, and in connection therewith shall have

power to examine any of the officers, directors, agents, or employees of the subsidiaries or affiliates on oath. After May 31, 1997, the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> may enter into cooperative agreements with state regulatory authorities of other states to provide for examination of State bank branches in those states, and the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> may accept reports of examinations of State bank branches from those state regulatory authorities. These cooperative agreements may set forth the manner in which the other state regulatory authorities may be compensated for examinations prepared for and submitted to the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u>.

- (b) After May 31, 1997, the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> is authorized to examine, as often as the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> shall deem necessary or proper, branches of out-of-state banks. The <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> may establish and may assess fees to be paid to the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> for examinations under this subsection (b). The fees shall be borne by the out-of-state bank, unless the fees are borne by the state regulatory authority that chartered the out-of-state bank, as determined by a cooperative agreement between the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> and the state regulatory authority that chartered the out-of-state bank.
- (2.5) Whenever any State bank, any subsidiary or affiliate of a State bank, or after May 31, 1997, any branch of an out-of-state bank causes to be performed, by contract or otherwise, any bank services for itself, whether on or off its

premises:

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- (a) that performance shall be subject to examination by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> to the same extent as if services were being performed by the bank or, after May 31, 1997, branch of the out-of-state bank itself on its own premises; and
- (b) the bank or, after May 31, 1997, branch of the out-of-state bank shall notify the Secretary Commissioner the existence of а service relationship. of The notification shall be submitted with the first statement of condition (as required by Section 47 of this Act) due after the making of the service contract or the performance of whichever occurs first. the service, The Secretary Commissioner shall be notified of each subsequent contract in the same manner.

For purposes of this subsection (2.5), the term "bank services" means services such as sorting and posting of checks and deposits, computation and posting of interest and other credits and charges, preparation and mailing of checks, statements, notices, and similar items, or any other clerical, bookkeeping, accounting, statistical, or similar functions performed for a State bank, including but not limited to electronic data processing related to those bank services.

(3) The expense of administering this Act, including the expense of the examinations of State banks as provided in this Act, shall to the extent of the amounts resulting from the fees

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provided for in paragraphs (a), (a-2), and (b) of this subsection (3) be assessed against and borne by the State banks:

> (a) Each bank shall pay to the Secretary Commissioner a Call Report Fee which shall be paid in quarterly installments equal to one-fourth of the sum of the annual fixed fee of \$800, plus a variable fee based on the assets shown on the quarterly statement of condition delivered to the Secretary Commissioner in accordance with Section 47 for the preceding quarter according to the following schedule: 16¢ per \$1,000 of the first \$5,000,000 of total assets, 15¢ per \$1,000 of the next \$20,000,000 of total assets, 13¢ per \$1,000 of the next \$75,000,000 of total assets, 9¢ per \$1,000 of the next \$400,000,000 of total assets, 7¢ per \$1,000 of the next \$500,000,000 of total assets, and 5¢ per \$1,000 of all assets in excess of \$1,000,000,000, of the State bank. The Call Report Fee shall be calculated by the Secretary Commissioner and billed to the banks for remittance at the time of the quarterly statements of condition provided for in Section 47. The Secretary Commissioner may require payment of the fees provided in this Section by an electronic transfer of funds or an automatic debit of an account of each of the State banks. In case more than one examination of any bank is deemed by the Secretary Commissioner to be necessary in any examination frequency cycle specified in subsection

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2(a) of this Section, and is performed at his direction, the Commissioner may assess a reasonable additional fee to recover the cost of the additional examination; provided, however, that an examination conducted at the request of the State Treasurer pursuant to the Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act shall not be deemed to be an additional examination under this Section. In lieu of the method and amounts set forth in this paragraph (a) for the calculation of the Call Report Fee, the Secretary Commissioner may specify by rule that the Call Report Fees provided by this Section may be assessed semiannually or some other period and may provide in the rule the formula to be used for calculating and assessing the periodic Call Report Fees to be paid by State banks. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2007, and continuing thereafter through January 10, 2011, the <u>Secretary shall adopt rules to adjust</u> regulatory fee rates to an amount that shall not exceed by more than 13.5% the rates in effect prior to the escalation in rates implemented by an amendment to 38 Ill. Adm. Code 375 published in 27 Ill. Reg. 16024, Oct. 10, 2003.

(a-1) If in the opinion of the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> an emergency exists or appears likely, the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> may assign an examiner or examiners to monitor the affairs of a State bank with whatever frequency he deems appropriate, including but not limited to a daily basis. The reasonable and necessary expenses of the

<u>Secretary Commissioner</u> during the period of the monitoring shall be borne by the subject bank. The <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> shall furnish the State bank a statement of time and expenses if requested to do so within 30 days of the conclusion of the monitoring period.

(a-2) On and after January 1, 1990, the reasonable and necessary expenses of the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> during examination of the performance of electronic data processing services under subsection (2.5) shall be borne by the banks for which the services are provided. An amount, based upon a fee structure prescribed by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u>, shall be paid by the banks or, after May 31, 1997, branches of out-of-state banks receiving the electronic data processing services along with the Call Report Fee assessed under paragraph (a) of this subsection (3).

expenses of the Commissioner during examination of the performance of electronic data processing services under subsection (2.5) Secretary at or on behalf of branches of out-of-state banks shall be borne by the out-of-state banks, unless those expenses are borne by the state regulatory authorities that chartered the out-of-state banks, as determined by cooperative agreements between the Secretary Commissioner and the state regulatory authorities that chartered banks.

(b) "Fiscal year" for purposes of this Section 48 is defined as a period beginning July 1 of any year and ending June 30 of the next year. The Secretary Commissioner shall receive for each fiscal year, commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1987, a contingent fee equal to the lesser of the aggregate of the fees paid by all State banks under paragraph (a) of subsection (3) for that year, or the amount, if any, whereby the aggregate of the administration expenses, as defined in paragraph (c), for that fiscal year exceeds the sum of the aggregate of the fees payable by all State banks for that year under paragraph (a) of subsection (3), plus any amounts transferred into the Bank and Trust Company Fund from the State Pensions Fund for that year, plus all other amounts collected by the Secretary Commissioner for that year under any other provision of this Act, plus the aggregate of all fees collected for that year by the Secretary Commissioner under the Corporate Fiduciary Act, excluding the receivership fees provided for in Section 5-10 of the Corporate Fiduciary Act, and the Foreign Banking Office Act. The aggregate amount of the contingent fee thus arrived at for any fiscal year shall be apportioned amongst, assessed upon, and paid by the State banks and foreign banking corporations, respectively, in the same proportion that the fee of each under paragraph (a) of subsection (3), respectively, for that year bears to the aggregate for that year of the fees collected under

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paragraph (a) of subsection (3). The aggregate amount of the contingent fee, and the portion thereof to be assessed upon each State bank and foreign banking corporation, respectively, shall be determined by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> and shall be paid by each, respectively, within 120 days of the close of the period for which the contingent fee is computed and is payable, and the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> shall give 20 days advance notice of the amount of the contingent fee payable by the State bank and of the date fixed by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> for payment of the fee.

(c) The "administration expenses" for any fiscal year shall mean the ordinary and contingent expenses for that year incident to making the examinations provided for by, and for otherwise administering, this Act, the Corporate Fiduciary Act, excluding the expenses paid from the Corporate Fiduciary Receivership account in the Bank and Trust Company Fund, the Foreign Banking Office Act, the Electronic Fund Transfer Act, and the Illinois Bank Examiners' Education Foundation Act, including all salaries and other compensation paid for personal services rendered for the State by officers or employees of the State, including the <u>Secretary and Directors Commissioner</u> and the Deputy Commissioners, all expenditures telephone and telegraph charges, postage and postal charges, office stationery, supplies and services, and

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office furniture and equipment, including typewriters and copying and duplicating machines and filing equipment, surety bond premiums, and travel expenses of those officers and employees, employees, expenditures or charges for the acquisition, enlargement or improvement of, or for the use any office space, building, or structure, expenditures for the maintenance thereof or for furnishing heat, light, or power with respect thereto, all to the extent that those expenditures are directly incidental to such examinations or administration. The Secretary Commissioner shall not be required by paragraphs (c) or (d-1) of this subsection (3) to maintain in any fiscal year's budget appropriated reserves for accrued vacation and accrued sick leave that is required to be paid to employees of the Secretary Commissioner upon termination of their service with the Secretary Commissioner in an amount that is more than is reasonably anticipated to be necessary for any anticipated turnover in employees, whether due to normal attrition or due to layoffs, terminations, or resignations.

(d) The aggregate of all fees collected by the Secretary Commissioner under this Act, the Corporate Fiduciary Act, or the Foreign Banking Office Act on and after July 1, 1979, shall be paid promptly after receipt of the same, accompanied by a detailed statement thereof, into the State treasury and shall be set apart in a special fund

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to be known as the "Bank and Trust Company Fund", except as provided in paragraph (c) of subsection (11) of this Section. All earnings received from investments of funds in the Bank and Trust Company Fund shall be deposited in the Bank and Trust Company Fund and may be used for the same purposes as fees deposited in that Fund. The amount from time to time deposited into the Bank and Trust Company Fund shall be used (i) to offset the ordinary administrative expenses of the <u>Secretary</u> Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate as defined in this Section or (ii) as a credit against fees under paragraph (d-1) of this subsection. Nothing in this amendatory Act of 1979 shall prevent continuing the practice of paying expenses involving salaries, retirement, social security, and State-paid insurance premiums of State officers by appropriations from the General Revenue Fund. However, the General Revenue Fund shall be reimbursed for those payments made on and after July 1, 1979, by an annual transfer of funds from the Bank and Trust Company Fund. Moneys in the Bank and Trust Company Fund may be transferred to the Professions Indirect Cost Fund, as authorized under Section 2105-300 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Notwithstanding provisions in the State Finance Act, or any other law to the contrary: (1) the sum of \$19,000,000 shall be transferred from the Bank and Trust

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Company Fund to the General Revenue Fund on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, or as soon thereafter as practical; (2) the Governor may, during any fiscal year through January 10, 2011, from time to time direct the State Treasurer and Comptroller to transfer a specified sum not exceeding 10% of the revenues to be deposited into the Bank and Trust Company Fund during that fiscal year from that Fund to the General Revenue Fund in order to help defray the State's operating costs for the fiscal year; and (3) the total sum transferred during any fiscal year through January 10, 2011, from the Bank and Trust Company Fund to the General Revenue Fund pursuant to the State Finance Act or any other law shall not exceed during any fiscal year 10% of the revenues to be deposited into the Bank and Trust Company Fund during that fiscal year. The State Treasurer and Comptroller shall transfer the amounts designated under this Section as soon as may be practicable after receiving the direction to transfer from the Governor.

(d-1) Adequate funds shall be available in the Bank and Trust Company Fund to permit the timely payment of administration expenses. In each fiscal year the total administration expenses shall be deducted from the total fees collected by the Secretary Commissioner and the remainder transferred into the Cash Flow Reserve Account, unless the balance of the Cash Flow Reserve Account prior

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to the transfer equals or exceeds one-fourth of the total initial appropriations from the Bank and Trust Company Fund for the subsequent year, in which case the remainder shall be credited to State banks and foreign banking corporations and applied against their fees for the subsequent year. The amount credited to each State bank and foreign banking corporation shall be in the same proportion as the Call Report Fees paid by each for the year bear to the total Call Report Fees collected for the year. If, after a transfer to the Cash Flow Reserve Account is made or if no remainder is available for transfer, the balance of the Cash Flow Reserve Account is less than one-fourth of the total initial appropriations for the subsequent year and the amount transferred is less than 5% of the total Call Report Fees for the year, additional amounts needed to make the transfer equal to 5% of the total Call Report Fees for the year shall be apportioned amongst, assessed upon, and paid by the State banks and foreign banking corporations in the same proportion that the Call Report Fees of each, respectively, for the year bear to the total Call Report Fees collected for the year. The additional assessed shall be transferred into the Cash Flow Reserve Account. For purposes of this paragraph (d-1), calculation of the fees collected by the Secretary Commissioner shall exclude the receivership fees provided for in Section 5-10 of the Corporate Fiduciary Act.

- (e) The <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> may upon request certify to any public record in his keeping and shall have authority to levy a reasonable charge for issuing certifications of any public record in his keeping.
 - (f) In addition to fees authorized elsewhere in this Act, the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> may, in connection with a review, approval, or provision of a service, levy a reasonable charge to recover the cost of the review, approval, or service.
- (4) Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to limit the obligation relative to examinations and reports of any State bank, deposits in which are to any extent insured by the United States or any agency thereof, nor to limit in any way the powers of the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> with reference to examinations and reports of that bank.
- (5) The nature and condition of the assets in or investment of any bonus, pension, or profit sharing plan for officers or employees of every State bank or, after May 31, 1997, branch of an out-of-state bank shall be deemed to be included in the affairs of that State bank or branch of an out-of-state bank subject to examination by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> under the provisions of subsection (2) of this Section, and if the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> shall find from an examination that the condition of or operation of the investments or assets of the plan is unlawful, fraudulent, or unsafe, or that any trustee has abused his trust, the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> shall, if the

situation so found by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> shall not be corrected to his satisfaction within 60 days after the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> has given notice to the board of directors of the State bank or out-of-state bank of his findings, report the facts to the Attorney General who shall thereupon institute proceedings against the State bank or out-of-state bank, the board of directors thereof, or the trustees under such plan as the nature of the case may require.

- (6) The <u>Secretary</u> Commissioner shall have the power:
- (a) To promulgate reasonable rules for the purpose of administering the provisions of this Act.
- (a-5) To impose conditions on any approval issued by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> if he determines that the conditions are necessary or appropriate. These conditions shall be imposed in writing and shall continue in effect for the period prescribed by the Secretary Commissioner.
- (b) To issue orders against any person, if the Secretary Commissioner has reasonable cause to believe that an unsafe or unsound banking practice has occurred, is occurring, or is about to occur, if any person has violated, is violating, or is about to violate any law, rule, or written agreement with the Secretary Commissioner, or for the purpose of administering the provisions of this Act and any rule promulgated in accordance with this Act.
 - (b-1) To enter into agreements with a bank establishing

a program to correct the condition of the bank or its practices.

- (c) To appoint hearing officers to execute any of the powers granted to the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> under this Section for the purpose of administering this Act and any rule promulgated in accordance with this Act and otherwise to authorize, in writing, an officer or employee of the <u>Department of Financial and Professional Regulation Office</u> of Banks and Real Estate to exercise his powers under this Act.
- (d) To subpoen witnesses, to compel their attendance, to administer an oath, to examine any person under oath, and to require the production of any relevant books, papers, accounts, and documents in the course of and pursuant to any investigation being conducted, or any action being taken, by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> in respect of any matter relating to the duties imposed upon, or the powers vested in, the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> under the provisions of this Act or any rule promulgated in accordance with this Act.
 - (e) To conduct hearings.
- (7) Whenever, in the opinion of the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u>, any director, officer, employee, or agent of a State bank or any subsidiary or bank holding company of the bank or, after May 31, 1997, of any branch of an out-of-state bank or any subsidiary or bank holding company of the bank shall have

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violated any law, rule, or order relating to that bank or any subsidiary or bank holding company of the bank, shall have obstructed or impeded any examination or investigation by the Secretary Commissioner, shall have engaged in an unsafe or unsound practice in conducting the business of that bank or any subsidiary or bank holding company of the bank, or shall have violated any law or engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound practice in connection with any financial institution or other business entity such that the character and fitness of the director, officer, employee, or agent does not assure reasonable promise of safe and sound operation of the State bank, the Secretary Commissioner may issue an order of removal. If, in the opinion of the Secretary Commissioner, any former director, officer, employee, or agent of a State bank or any subsidiary or bank holding company of the bank, prior to the termination of his or her service with that bank or any subsidiary or bank holding company of the bank, violated any law, rule, or order relating to that State bank or any subsidiary or bank holding company of the bank, obstructed or impeded any examination or investigation by the Secretary Commissioner, engaged in an unsafe or unsound practice in conducting the business of that bank or any subsidiary or bank holding company of the bank, or violated any law or engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound practice in connection with any financial institution or other business entity such that the character and fitness of the director, officer,

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employee, or agent would not have assured reasonable promise of safe and sound operation of the State bank, the Secretary Commissioner may issue an order prohibiting that person from further service with a bank or any subsidiary or bank holding company of the bank as a director, officer, employee, or agent. An order issued pursuant to this subsection shall be served upon the director, officer, employee, or agent. A copy of the order shall be sent to each director of the bank affected by registered mail. The person affected by the action may request a hearing before the State Banking Board within 10 days after receipt of the order. The hearing shall be held by the Board within 30 days after the request has been received by the The Board shall make a determination approving, Board. modifying, or disapproving the order of the Secretary Commissioner as its final administrative decision. If a hearing is held by the Board, the Board shall make its determination within 60 days from the conclusion of the hearing. Any person affected by a decision of the Board under this subsection (7) of Section 48 of this Act may have the decision reviewed only under and in accordance with the Administrative Review Law and the rules adopted pursuant thereto. A copy of the order shall also be served upon the bank of which he is a director, officer, employee, or agent, whereupon he shall cease to be a director, officer, employee, or agent of that bank. The Secretary Commissioner may institute a civil action against the director, officer, or agent of the State bank or, after May 31,

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1997, of the branch of the out-of-state bank against whom any order provided for by this subsection (7) of this Section 48 has been issued, and against the State bank or, after May 31, 1997, out-of-state bank, to enforce compliance with or to enjoin any violation of the terms of the order. Any person who has been the subject of an order of removal or an order of prohibition issued by the <u>Secretary</u> Commissioner under this subsection or Section 5-6 of the Corporate Fiduciary Act may not thereafter serve as director, officer, employee, or agent of any State bank or of any branch of any out-of-state bank, or of any corporate fiduciary, as defined in Section 1-5.05 of the Corporate Fiduciary Act, or of any other entity that is subject to licensure or regulation by the Secretary Commissioner or the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation Office of Banks and Real Estate unless the Secretary Commissioner has granted prior approval in writing.

For purposes of this paragraph (7), "bank holding company" has the meaning prescribed in Section 2 of the Illinois Bank Holding Company Act of 1957.

- (8) The <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> may impose civil penalties of up to \$10,000 against any person for each violation of any provision of this Act, any rule promulgated in accordance with this Act, any order of the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u>, or any other action which in the <u>Secretary's Commissioner's</u> discretion is an unsafe or unsound banking practice.
 - (9) The Secretary Commissioner may impose civil penalties

- of up to \$100 against any person for the first failure to comply with reporting requirements set forth in the report of examination of the bank and up to \$200 for the second and subsequent failures to comply with those reporting requirements.
 - (10) All final administrative decisions of the <u>Secretary</u> Commissioner hereunder shall be subject to judicial review pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Review Law. For matters involving administrative review, venue shall be in either Sangamon County or Cook County.
 - (11) The endowment fund for the Illinois Bank Examiners' Education Foundation shall be administered as follows:
 - (a) (Blank).
 - (b) The Foundation is empowered to receive voluntary contributions, gifts, grants, bequests, and donations on behalf of the Illinois Bank Examiners' Education Foundation from national banks and other persons for the purpose of funding the endowment of the Illinois Bank Examiners' Education Foundation.
 - (c) The aggregate of all special educational fees collected by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> and property received by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> on behalf of the Illinois Bank Examiners' Education Foundation under this subsection (11) on or after June 30, 1986, shall be either (i) promptly paid after receipt of the same, accompanied by a detailed statement thereof, into the State Treasury and

shall be set apart in a special fund to be known as "The 1 2 Illinois Bank Examiners' Education Fund" to be invested by either the Treasurer of the State of Illinois in the Public 3 Treasurers' Investment Pool or in any other investment he is authorized to make or by the Illinois State Board of Investment as the board of trustees of the Illinois Bank 6 Examiners' Education Foundation may direct or 7 (ii) 8 deposited into an account maintained in a commercial bank 9 or corporate fiduciary in the name of the Illinois Bank 10 Examiners' Education Foundation pursuant to the order and direction of the Board of Trustees of the Illinois Bank 11 12 Examiners' Education Foundation.

- 13 (12) (Blank).
- 14 (Source: P.A. 94-91, eff. 7-1-05.)
- Section 10. The Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 is amended by changing Sections 7-3 and 7-19.1 and by adding Section 1-10.39 as follows:
- 18 (205 ILCS 105/1-10.39 new)
- Sec. 1-10.39. Secretary. "Secretary" means the Secretary
 of Financial and Professional Regulation or a person authorized
 by the Secretary or by this Act to act in the Secretary's
 stead.
- 23 (205 ILCS 105/7-3) (from Ch. 17, par. 3307-3)

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- Sec. 7-3. Personnel, records, files, actions and duties, etc.
 - (a) The Secretary Commissioner shall appoint, subject to applicable provisions of the Personnel Code, a supervisor, such examiners, employees, experts and special assistants as may be necessary to carry out effectively this Act. The Secretary Commissioner shall require each supervisor, examiner, expert and special assistant employed or appointed by him to give bond, with security to be approved by the Secretary Commissioner, not less in any case than \$15,000, conditioned for the faithful discharge of his duties. The premium on such bond shall be paid by the Secretary Commissioner from funds appropriated for that purpose. The bond, along with verification of payment of the premium on such bond, shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.
- 16 (b) The <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> shall have the following duties and powers:
 - (1) To exercise the rights, powers and duties set forth in this Act or in any other related Act;
 - (2) To establish such regulations as may be reasonable or necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act;
 - (3) To direct and supervise all the administrative and technical activities of this office and create an Advisory Committee which upon request will make recommendations to him;
 - (4) To make an annual report regarding the work of his office as he may consider desirable to the Governor, or as the

- 1 Governor may request;
- 2 (5) To cause a suit to be filed in his name to enforce any 3 law of this State that applies to an association, subsidiary of an association, or holding company operating under this Act and 4 5 shall include the enforcement of any obligation of the officers, directors or employees of any association; 6
 - (6) To prescribe a uniform manner in which the books and records of every association are to be maintained; and
- 9 (7) To establish reasonable and rationally based fee 10 structures for each association and holding company operating 11 under this Act and for their service corporations and 12 subsidiaries, which fees shall include but not be limited to 13 annual fees, application fees, regular and special examination fees, and such other fees as the Secretary Commissioner 14 15 establishes and demonstrates to be directly resultant from his 16 responsibilities under this Act and as are directly 17 attributable to individual entities operating under this Act. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2007, and continuing 18 19 thereafter through January 10, 2011, the Secretary shall adopt 20 rules to adjust regulatory fee rates to an amount that shall not exceed by more than 13.5% the rates in effect prior to the 21 22 escalation in rates implemented by an amendment to 38 Ill. Adm.
- Code 1000 published in 27 Ill. Reg. 16029, Oct. 10, 2003. 23
- (Source: P.A. 85-313.) 24
- 25 (205 ILCS 105/7-19.1) (from Ch. 17, par. 3307-19.1)

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Sec. 7-19.1. Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory
Fund.

- (a) The aggregate of all fees collected by the Secretary Commissioner under this Act shall be paid promptly after receipt of the same, accompanied by a detailed statement thereof, into the State treasury and shall be set apart in the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund, a special fund hereby created in the State treasury. The amounts deposited into the Fund shall be used for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and the Division of Banking or their successors, in administering and enforcing the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985, the Savings Bank Act, and the Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987 and such other laws, rules, and regulations as may apply to the administration and enforcement of the foregoing laws, rules, and regulations, as amended from time to time Office of Banks and Real Estate. Nothing in this Act shall prevent continuing the practice of paying expenses involving salaries, retirement, social security, and State-paid insurance of State officers by appropriation from the General Revenue Fund.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b-5), moneys in the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund may not be appropriated, assigned, or transferred to another State fund. The moneys in the Fund shall be for the sole benefit of the institutions assessed.

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(b-5) Moneys in the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund may be transferred to the Professions Indirect Cost Fund, as authorized under Section 2105-300 of the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

(b-10) Notwithstanding provisions in the State Finance Act, or any other law to the contrary: (1) the sum of \$27,500,000 shall be transferred from the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund to the General Revenue Fund on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, or as soon thereafter as practical; (2) the Governor may, during any fiscal year through January 10, 2011, from time to time direct the State Treasurer and Comptroller to transfer a specified sum not exceeding 10% of the revenues to be deposited into the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund during that fiscal year from that Fund to the General Revenue Fund in order to help defray the State's operating costs for the fiscal year; and (3) the total sum transferred during any fiscal year through January 10, 2011, from the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund to the General Revenue Fund pursuant to the State Finance Act or any other law shall not exceed during any fiscal year 10% of the revenues to be deposited into the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund during that fiscal year. The State Treasurer and Comptroller shall transfer the designated under this Section as soon as may be practicable

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after receiving the direction to transfer from the Governor.

- (c) All earnings received from investments of funds in the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund shall be deposited into the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund and may be used for the same purposes as fees deposited into that Fund.
- (d) When the aggregate of all fees collected under the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 and the Savings Bank Act and all earnings thereon for any fiscal year exceeds the total actual administrative and operational expenses incurred by the Secretary for that fiscal year in administering and enforcing the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 and the Savings Bank Act and such other laws, rules, and regulations as may apply to the administration and enforcement of the foregoing laws, rules, and regulations, as amended from time, by 25%, the excess must be credited to the appropriate institutions and entities and applied against their regulatory fees for the subsequent fiscal year. The amount credited to the institution or entity must be in the same proportion that the fees paid by the institution or entity for the fiscal year in which the excess is produced bear to the aggregate of the fees collected by the Secretary under the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 and the Savings Bank Act for the same fiscal year.

For the purpose of this Section, "fiscal year" means the period beginning July 1 of any year and ending June 30 of the next calendar year.

- SB2513
- 1 (Source: P.A. 94-91, eff. 7-1-05.)
- 2 (205 ILCS 105/1-10.04 rep.)
- 3 Section 15. The Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985 is
- 4 amended by repealing Section 1-10.04.
- 5 Section 20. The Savings Bank Act is amended by adding
- 6 Section 1007.135 and by changing Section 9002 as follows:
- 7 (205 ILCS 205/1007.135 new)
- 8 Sec. 1007.135. Secretary. "Secretary" means the Secretary
- 9 of Financial and Professional Regulation, or a person
- 10 authorized by the Secretary or by this Act to act in the
- 11 Secretary's stead.
- 12 (205 ILCS 205/9002) (from Ch. 17, par. 7309-2)
- 13 Sec. 9002. Powers of Commissioner. The Secretary
- 14 Commissioner shall have the following powers and duties:
- 15 (1) To exercise the rights, powers, and duties set forth in
- this Act or in any related Act.
- 17 (2) To establish regulations as may be reasonable or
- 18 necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act.
- 19 (3) To make an annual report regarding the work of his
- 20 office under this Act as he may consider desirable to the
- 21 Governor, or as the Governor may request.
- 22 (4) To cause a suit to be filed in his name to enforce any

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- law of this State that applies to savings banks, their service corporations, subsidiaries, affiliates, or holding companies operating under this Act, including the enforcement of any obligation of the officers, directors, agents, or employees of any savings bank.
 - (5) To prescribe a uniform manner in which the books and records of every savings bank are to be maintained.
 - (6) To establish a reasonable fee structure for savings banks and holding companies operating under this Act and for their service corporations and subsidiaries. The fees shall include, but not be limited to, annual fees, application fees, regular and special examination fees, and other fees as the Secretary Commissioner establishes and demonstrates to be directly resultant from the Secretary's Commissioner's responsibilities under this Act and as are attributable to individual entities operating under this Act. The aggregate of all fees collected by the Commissioner on and after the effective date of this Act shall be paid promptly after receipt of the same, accompanied by a detailed statement thereof, into the Savings and Residential Finance Regulatory Fund subject to the provisions of Section 7-10.1 of the Illinois Savings and Loan Act of 1985, including without limitation the provision of credits against regulatory fees. The amounts deposited into the Fund shall be used for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Office of Banks and Real Estate. Nothing in this Act shall prevent continuing the

- practice of paying expenses involving salaries, retirement, 1
- 2 social security, and State-paid insurance of State officers by
- 3 appropriation from the General Revenue Fund. For the fiscal
- year beginning July 1, 2007, and continuing thereafter through 4
- January 10, 2011, the Secretary shall adopt rules to adjust 5
- regulatory fee rates to an amount that shall not exceed by more 6
- 7 than 13.5% the rates in effect prior to the escalation in rates
- implemented by an amendment to 38 Ill. Adm. Code 1075 published 8
- 9 in 27 Ill. Reg. 16043, Oct. 10, 2003.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 89-508, eff. 7-3-96.)
- 11 Section 25. The Illinois Credit Union Act is amended by
- 12 changing Sections 1.1 and 12 and by adding Section 1.2 as
- follows: 13
- 14 (205 ILCS 305/1.1) (from Ch. 17, par. 4402)
- 15 Sec. 1.1. Definitions.
- Credit Union The term "credit union" means a cooperative, 16
- non-profit association, incorporated under this Act, under the 17
- laws of the United States of America or under the laws of 18
- another state, for the purposes of encouraging thrift among its 19
- 20 members, creating a source of credit at a reasonable rate of
- 21 interest, and providing an opportunity for its members to use
- and control their own money in order to improve their economic 22
- 23 and social conditions. The membership of a credit union shall
- 24 consist of a group or groups each having a common bond as set

1 forth in this Act.

Common Bond - The term "common bond" refers to groups of people who meet one of the following qualifications:

- (1) Persons belonging to a specific association, group or organization, such as a church, labor union, club or society and members of their immediate families which shall include any relative by blood or marriage or foster and adopted children.
- (2) Persons who reside in a reasonably compact and well defined neighborhood or community, and members of their immediate families which shall include any relative by blood or marriage or foster and adopted children.
- (3) Persons who have a common employer or who are members of an organized labor union or an organized occupational or professional group within a defined geographical area, and members of their immediate families which shall include any relative by blood or marriage or foster and adopted children.

Shares - The term "shares" or "share accounts" means any form of shares issued by a credit union and established by a member in accordance with standards specified by a credit union, including but not limited to common shares, share draft accounts, classes of shares, share certificates, special purpose share accounts, shares issued in trust, custodial accounts, and individual retirement accounts or other plans established pursuant to Section 401(d) or (f) or Section 408(a)

- of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, or
- 2 similar provisions of any tax laws of the United States that
- 3 may hereafter exist.
- 4 Credit Union Organization The term "credit union
- 5 organization" means any organization established to serve the
- 6 needs of credit unions, the business of which relates to the
- 7 daily operations of credit unions.
- 8 Department The term "Department" means the Illinois
- 9 Department of Financial <u>and Professional Regulation</u>
- 10 Institutions.
- 11 Secretary The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of
- 12 Financial and Professional Regulation or a person authorized by
- 13 the Secretary or by this Act to act in the Secretary's stead.
- 14 Director The term "Director" means the Director of the
- 15 Illinois Department of Financial Institutions.
- 16 NCUA The term "NCUA" means the National Credit Union
- 17 Administration, an agency of the United States Government
- 18 charged with the supervision of credit unions chartered under
- 19 the laws of the United States of America.
- 20 Central Credit Union The term "central credit union"
- 21 means a credit union incorporated primarily to receive shares
- from and make loans to credit unions and Directors, Officers,
- 23 committee members and employees of credit unions. A central
- 24 credit union may also accept as members persons who were
- 25 members of credit unions which were liquidated and persons from
- 26 occupational groups not otherwise served by another credit

- 1 union.
- 2 Corporate Credit Union The term "corporate credit union"
- 3 means a credit union which is a cooperative, non-profit
- 4 association, the membership of which is limited primarily to
- 5 other credit unions.
- 6 Insolvent "Insolvent" means the condition that results
- 7 when the total of all liabilities and shares exceeds net assets
- 8 of the credit union.
- 9 Danger of insolvency For purposes of Section 61, a credit
- 10 union is in "danger of insolvency" if its net worth to asset
- 11 ratio falls below 2%. In calculating the danger of insolvency
- 12 ratio, secondary capital shall be excluded. For purposes of
- 13 Section 61, a credit union is also in "danger of insolvency" if
- 14 the Department is unable to ascertain, upon examination, the
- true financial condition of the credit union.
- 16 Net Worth "Net worth" means the retained earnings balance
- of the credit union, as determined under generally accepted
- 18 accounting principles, and forms of secondary capital approved
- by the Director pursuant to rulemaking.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 92-608, eff. 7-1-02.)
- 21 (205 ILCS 305/1.2 new)
- Sec. 1.2. References to Department or Director of Financial
- 23 <u>Institutions. Unless the context requires otherwise:</u>
- 24 (1) References in this Act to the Department of
- 25 <u>Financial Institutions or "the Department" mean the</u>

1	Department of Financial and	d Professional Regulation.
2	(2) References in this	Act to the Director of Financial
3	Institutions or "the Dia	rector" mean the Secretary of
4	Financial and Professional	Regulation.
5	(205 ILCS 305/12) (from Ch.	17, par. 4413)
6	Sec. 12. Regulatory fees.	
7	(1) For the fiscal year be	ginning July 1, 2007, a A credit
8	union regulated by the Departme	ent shall pay a regulatory fee to
9	the Department based upon its	s total assets as shown by its
10	Year-end Call Report at the fol	llowing rates <u>or at a lesser rate</u>
11	established by the Secretary	in a manner consistent with the
12	following rates and suff	icient to fund the actual
13	administrative and operationa	l expenses of the Credit Union
14	Section pursuant to subsection	<u>(4)</u> :
15	TOTAL ASSETS	REGULATORY FEE
16	\$25,000 or less	\$100
17	Over \$25,000 and not over	
18	\$100,000	\$100 plus \$4 per
19		\$1,000 of assets in excess of
20		\$25,000
21	Over \$100,000 and not over	
22	\$200,000	\$400 plus \$3 per
23		\$1,000 of assets in excess of
24		\$100,000
25	Over \$200,000 and not over	

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1	\$500,000	\$700 plus \$2 per
2		\$1,000 of assets in excess of
3		\$200,000
4	Over \$500,000 and not over	
5	\$1,000,000	\$1,300 plus \$1.40
6		per \$1,000 of assets in excess
7		of \$500,000
8	Over \$1,000,000 and not	
9	over \$5,000,000	\$2,000 plus \$0.50
10		per \$1,000 of assets in
11		excess of \$1,000,000
12	Over \$5,000,000 and not	
13	over \$30,000,000	<u>\$4,540</u> \$5,080 plus
14		<u>\$0.397</u> \$0.44
15		per \$1,000 assets
16		in excess of \$5,000,000
17	Over \$30,000,000 and not	
18	over \$100,000,000	<u>\$14,471</u> \$16,192 plus
19		<u>\$0.34</u> \$0.38
20		per \$1,000 of assets in
21		excess of \$30,000,000
22	Over \$100,000,000 and not	
23	over \$500,000,000	\$38,306 \$42,862 plus
24		\$0.17 \$0.19 per
25		\$1,000 of assets in
26		excess of \$100,000,000

SB2513

- 48 - LRB095 18312 MJR 44396 b

- (2) The <u>Secretary Director</u> shall review the regulatory fee schedule in subsection (1) and the projected earnings on those fees on an annual basis and adjust the fee schedule no more than 5% annually if necessary to defray the estimated administrative and operational expenses of the <u>Credit Union Section of the</u> Department as defined in subsection (5). However, the fee schedule shall not be increased if the amount remaining in the Credit Union Fund at the end of the fiscal year is equal to or greater than 25% of the actual and operational expenses for the preceding fiscal year. The regulatory fee for the next fiscal year shall be calculated by the Secretary based on the credit union's total assets on December 31 of the preceding calendar year. The Secretary Director shall provide credit unions with written notice of any adjustment made in the regulatory fee schedule.
- (3) <u>Beginning on January 1, 2008</u> Not later than March 1 of each calendar year, a credit union shall pay to the Department a regulatory fee <u>in quarterly installments equal to one-fourth</u> of the regulatory fee due for that calendar year in accordance with the regulatory fee schedule in subsection (1), on the basis of assets as of the Year-end Call Report of the preceding

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calendar year. The total annual regulatory fee shall not be less than \$100 or more than \$141,875 \$187,500, provided that the regulatory fee cap of \$141,875 \\$187,500 shall be adjusted to incorporate the same percentage increase as the Secretary Director makes in the regulatory fee schedule from time to time under subsection (2). No regulatory fee shall be collected from a credit union until it has been in operation for one year. The regulatory fee shall be billed to credit unions on a quarterly basis commencing with the quarter ending March 31, 2008 and shall be payable by credit unions on the due date for the Call Report for the subject quarter.

(4) The aggregate of all fees collected by the Department under this Act shall be paid promptly after they are received, accompanied by a detailed statement thereof, into the State Treasury and shall be set apart in the Credit Union Fund, a special fund hereby created in the State treasury. The amount from time to time deposited in the Credit Union Fund and shall be used to offset the ordinary administrative and operational expenses of the Credit Union Section of the Department under this Act. All earnings received from investments of funds in the Credit Union Fund shall be deposited into the Credit Union Fund and may be used for the same purposes as fees deposited into that Fund. Moneys in the Credit Union Fund may be Professions Indirect transferred to the Cost as authorized under Section 2105-300 of the Department Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of

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Illinois. Notwithstanding provisions in the State Finance Act, or any other law to the contrary: (1) the sum of \$6,500,000 shall be transferred from the Credit Union Fund to the General Revenue Fund on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, or as soon thereafter as practical; (2) the Governor may, during any fiscal year through January 10, 2011, from time to time direct the State Treasurer and Comptroller to transfer a specified sum not exceeding 10% of the revenues to be deposited into the Credit Union Fund during that fiscal year from that Fund to the General Revenue Fund in order to help defray the State's operating costs for the fiscal year; and (3) the total sum transferred during any fiscal year through January 10, 2011, from the Credit Union Fund to the General Revenue Fund pursuant to the State Finance Act or any other law shall not exceed during any fiscal year 10% of the revenues to be deposited into the Credit Union Fund during that fiscal year. The State Treasurer and Comptroller shall transfer the amounts designated under this Section as soon as may be practicable after receiving the direction to transfer from the Governor.

(5) The administrative and operational expenses for any <u>fiscal</u> ealendar year shall mean the ordinary and contingent expenses for that year incidental to making the examinations provided for by, and for administering, this Act, including all salaries and other compensation paid for personal services rendered for the State by officers or employees of the State to

enforce this Act; all expenditures for telephone and telegraph charges, postage and postal charges, office supplies and services, furniture and equipment, office space and maintenance thereof, travel expenses and other necessary expenses; all to the extent that such expenditures are directly

incidental to such examination or administration.

- (6) When the balance in the Credit Union Fund at the end of a fiscal year exceeds 25% aggregate of all fees collected by the Department under this Act and all earnings thereon for any calendar year exceeds 150% of the total administrative and operational expenses under this Act for that fiscal year, such excess shall be credited to credit unions and applied against their regulatory fees for the subsequent fiscal year. The amount credited to a credit union shall be in the same proportion as the fee paid by such credit union for the fiscal calendar year in which the excess is produced bears to the aggregate of the fees collected by the Department under this Act for the same fiscal year.
- (7) To the extent regulatory fees previously paid by a credit union for calendar year 2007 Examination fees for the year 2000 statutory examinations paid pursuant to the regulatory examination fee schedule in effect at that time exceed the fee to be paid pursuant to the regulatory fee schedule set forth in subsection (1), the excess shall be credited toward the regulatory fee to be assessed the credit union beginning March 31, 2008 in calendar year 2001.

- 1 (8) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the General Assembly
- 2 from appropriating funds to the Department from the General
- 3 Revenue Fund for the purpose of administering this Act.
- 4 (9) For the purposes of this Section, "fiscal year" means a
- 5 period beginning on July 1 of any calendar year and ending June
- 6 30 of the next calendar year.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 7-1-03; 93-652, eff. 1-8-04; 94-91,
- 8 eff. 7-1-05.)
- 9 Section 30. The Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987 is
- amended by changing Sections 1-4, 2-2, 2-6, and 4-11 and by
- 11 adding Section 1-4.1 as follows:
- 12 (205 ILCS 635/1-4) (from Ch. 17, par. 2321-4)
- 13 Sec. 1-4. Definitions.
- 14 (a) "Residential real property" or "residential real
- 15 estate" shall mean real property located in this State improved
- 16 by a one-to-four family dwelling used or occupied, wholly or
- 17 partly, as the home or residence of one or more persons and may
- 18 refer, subject to regulations of the Commissioner, to
- 19 unimproved real property upon which those kinds dwellings are
- to be constructed.
- 21 (b) "Making a residential mortgage loan" or "funding a
- residential mortgage loan" shall mean for compensation or gain,
- either directly or indirectly, advancing funds or making a
- 24 commitment to advance funds to a loan applicant for a

residential mortgage loan.

- (c) "Soliciting, processing, placing, or negotiating a residential mortgage loan" shall mean for compensation or gain, either directly or indirectly, accepting or offering to accept an application for a residential mortgage loan, assisting or offering to assist in the processing of an application for a residential mortgage loan on behalf of a borrower, or negotiating or offering to negotiate the terms or conditions of a residential mortgage loan with a lender on behalf of a borrower including, but not limited to, the submission of credit packages for the approval of lenders, the preparation of residential mortgage loan closing documents, including a closing in the name of a broker.
 - (d) "Exempt person or entity" shall mean the following:
 - (1) (i) Any banking organization or foreign banking corporation licensed by the Illinois Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate or the United States Comptroller of the Currency to transact business in this State; (ii) any national bank, federally chartered savings and loan association, federal savings bank, federal credit union; (iii) any pension trust, bank trust, or bank trust company; (iv) any bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union organized under the laws of this or any other state; (v) any Illinois Consumer Installment Loan Act licensee; (vi) any insurance company authorized to transact business in this State; (vii) any entity engaged

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solely in commercial mortgage lending; (viii) any service corporation of a savings and loan association or savings bank organized under the laws of this State or the service corporation of a federally chartered savings and loan association or savings bank having its principal place of business in this State, other than a service corporation licensed or entitled to reciprocity under the Real Estate License Act of 2000; or (ix) any first tier subsidiary of a bank, the charter of which is issued under the Illinois Banking Act by the Illinois Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate, or the first tier subsidiary of a bank chartered by the United States Comptroller of the Currency and that has its principal place of business in this State, provided that the first tier subsidiary is regularly examined by the Illinois Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate or the Comptroller of the Currency, or a consumer compliance examination is regularly conducted by the Federal Reserve Board.

- (1.5) Any employee of a person or entity mentioned in item (1) of this subsection.
- (2) Any person or entity that does not originate mortgage loans in the ordinary course of business making or acquiring residential mortgage loans with his or her or its own funds for his or her or its own investment without intent to make, acquire, or resell more than 10 residential mortgage loans in any one calendar year.

- 1 (3) Any person employed by a licensee to assist in the 2 performance of the activities regulated by this Act who is 3 compensated in any manner by only one licensee.
 - (4) Any person licensed pursuant to the Real Estate License Act of 2000, who engages only in the taking of applications and credit and appraisal information to forward to a licensee or an exempt entity under this Act and who is compensated by either a licensee or an exempt entity under this Act, but is not compensated by either the buyer (applicant) or the seller.
 - (5) Any individual, corporation, partnership, or other entity that originates, services, or brokers residential mortgage loans, as these activities are defined in this Act, and who or which receives no compensation for those activities, subject to the Commissioner's regulations with regard to the nature and amount of compensation.
 - (6) A person who prepares supporting documentation for a residential mortgage loan application taken by a licensee and performs ministerial functions pursuant to specific instructions of the licensee who neither requires nor permits the preparer to exercise his or her discretion or judgment; provided that this activity is engaged in pursuant to a binding, written agreement between the licensee and the preparer that:
 - (A) holds the licensee fully accountable for the preparer's action; and

- 1 (B) otherwise meets the requirements of this 2 Section and this Act, does not undermine the purposes 3 of this Act, and is approved by the Commissioner.
 - (e) "Licensee" or "residential mortgage licensee" shall mean a person, partnership, association, corporation, or any other entity who or which is licensed pursuant to this Act to engage in the activities regulated by this Act.
 - (f) "Mortgage loan" "residential mortgage loan" or "home mortgage loan" shall mean a loan to or for the benefit of any natural person made primarily for personal, family, or household use, primarily secured by either a mortgage on residential real property or certificates of stock or other evidence of ownership interests in and proprietary leases from, corporations, partnerships, or limited liability companies formed for the purpose of cooperative ownership of residential real property, all located in Illinois.
 - (g) "Lender" shall mean any person, partnership, association, corporation, or any other entity who either lends or invests money in residential mortgage loans.
 - (h) "Ultimate equitable owner" shall mean a person who, directly or indirectly, owns or controls an ownership interest in a corporation, foreign corporation, alien business organization, trust, or any other form of business organization regardless of whether the person owns or controls the ownership interest through one or more persons or one or more proxies, powers of attorney, nominees, corporations, associations,

commitment.

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- partnerships, trusts, joint stock companies, or other entities
 or devices, or any combination thereof.
- (i) "Residential mortgage financing transaction" shall mean the negotiation, acquisition, sale, or arrangement for or the offer to negotiate, acquire, sell, or arrange for, a residential mortgage loan or residential mortgage loan
- 8 (j) "Personal residence address" shall mean a street 9 address and shall not include a post office box number.
- 10 (k) "Residential mortgage loan commitment" shall mean a
 11 contract for residential mortgage loan financing.
- 12 (1) "Party to a residential mortgage financing 13 transaction" shall mean a borrower, lender, or loan broker in a 14 residential mortgage financing transaction.
 - (m) "Payments" shall mean payment of all or any of the following: principal, interest and escrow reserves for taxes, insurance and other related reserves, and reimbursement for lender advances.
 - (n) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation or a person authorized by the Secretary or by this Act to act in the Secretary's stead. "Commissioner" shall mean the Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate or a person authorized by the Commissioner, the Office of Banks and Real Estate Act, or this Act to act in the Commissioner's stead.
 - (o) "Loan brokering", "brokering", or "brokerage service"

- shall mean the act of helping to obtain from another entity, for a borrower, a loan secured by residential real estate situated in Illinois or assisting a borrower in obtaining a loan secured by residential real estate situated in Illinois in return for consideration to be paid by either the borrower or the lender including, but not limited to, contracting for the delivery of residential mortgage loans to a third party lender and soliciting, processing, placing, or negotiating residential mortgage loans.
 - (p) "Loan broker" or "broker" shall mean a person, partnership, association, corporation, or limited liability company, other than those persons, partnerships, associations, corporations, or limited liability companies exempted from licensing pursuant to Section 1-4, subsection (d), of this Act, who performs the activities described in subsections (c) and (o) of this Section.
 - (q) "Servicing" shall mean the collection or remittance for or the right or obligation to collect or remit for any lender, noteowner, noteholder, or for a licensee's own account, of payments, interests, principal, and trust items such as hazard insurance and taxes on a residential mortgage loan in accordance with the terms of the residential mortgage loan; and includes loan payment follow-up, delinquency loan follow-up, loan analysis and any notifications to the borrower that are necessary to enable the borrower to keep the loan current and in good standing.

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- (r) "Full service office" shall mean office and staff in Illinois reasonably adequate to handle efficiently communications, questions, and other matters relating to any application for, or an existing home mortgage secured by residential real estate situated in Illinois with respect to licensee is the brokering, funding originating, purchasing, or servicing. The management and operation of each full service office must include observance of good business practices such as adequate, organized, and accurate books and records; ample phone lines, hours of business, staff training and supervision, and provision for a mechanism to resolve consumer inquiries, complaints, and problems. The Commissioner shall issue regulations with regard to these requirements and shall include an evaluation of compliance with this Section in his or her periodic examination of each licensee.
 - (s) "Purchasing" shall mean the purchase of conventional or government-insured mortgage loans secured by residential real estate situated in Illinois from either the lender or from the secondary market.
- 20 (t) "Borrower" shall mean the person or persons who seek 21 the services of a loan broker, originator, or lender.
- 22 (u) "Originating" shall mean the issuing of commitments for 23 and funding of residential mortgage loans.
- 24 (v) "Loan brokerage agreement" shall mean a written 25 agreement in which a broker or loan broker agrees to do either 26 of the following:

- 1 (1) obtain a residential mortgage loan for the borrower 2 or assist the borrower in obtaining a residential mortgage 3 loan; or
- 4 (2) consider making a residential mortgage loan to the borrower.
 - (w) "Advertisement" shall mean the attempt by publication, dissemination, or circulation to induce, directly or indirectly, any person to enter into a residential mortgage loan agreement or residential mortgage loan brokerage agreement relative to a mortgage secured by residential real estate situated in Illinois.
 - (x) "Residential Mortgage Board" shall mean the Residential Mortgage Board created in Section 1-5 of this Act.
 - (y) "Government-insured mortgage loan" shall mean any mortgage loan made on the security of residential real estate insured by the Department of Housing and Urban Development or Farmers Home Loan Administration, or guaranteed by the Veterans Administration.
 - (z) "Annual audit" shall mean a certified audit of the licensee's books and records and systems of internal control performed by a certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and generally accepted auditing standards.
 - (aa) "Financial institution" shall mean a savings and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or a bank organized under the laws of Illinois or a savings and loan association,

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2	of the U	Jnited	States	and he	adqu	ıar	tered	in Illino	is.		

- (bb) "Escrow agent" shall mean a third party, individual or entity charged with the fiduciary obligation for holding escrow funds on a residential mortgage loan pending final payout of those funds in accordance with the terms of the residential mortgage loan.
- 8 (cc) "Net worth" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in 9 Section 3-5 of this Act.

(dd) "Affiliate" shall mean:

(1) any entity that directly controls or is controlled by the licensee and any other company that is directly affecting activities regulated by this Act that is controlled by the company that controls the licensee;

(2) any entity:

- (A) that is controlled, directly or indirectly, by a trust or otherwise, by or for the benefit of shareholders who beneficially or otherwise control, directly or indirectly, by trust or otherwise, the licensee or any company that controls the licensee; or
- (B) a majority of the directors or trustees of which constitute a majority of the persons holding any such office with the licensee or any company that controls the licensee;
- (3) any company, including a real estate investment trust, that is sponsored and advised on a contractual basis

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by the licensee or any subsidiary or affiliate of the licensee.

The Commissioner may define by rule and regulation any terms used in this Act for the efficient and clear administration of this Act.

- (ee) "First tier subsidiary" shall be defined by regulation incorporating the comparable definitions used by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and the Illinois Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate.
- (ff) "Gross delinquency rate" means t.he quotient determined by dividing (1) the sum of (i) the number of government-insured residential mortgage loans funded purchased by a licensee in the preceding calendar year that are delinquent and (ii) the number of conventional residential mortgage loans funded or purchased by the licensee in the preceding calendar year that are delinquent by (2) the sum of (i) the number of government-insured residential mortgage loans funded or purchased by the licensee in the preceding calendar year and (ii) the number of conventional residential mortgage loans funded or purchased by the licensee in the preceding calendar year.
- (gg) "Delinquency rate factor" means the factor set by rule of the Commissioner that is multiplied by the average gross delinquency rate of licensees, determined annually for the immediately preceding calendar year, for the purpose of determining which licensees shall be examined by the

- 1 Commissioner pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 4-8 of this
- 2 Act.
- 3 (hh) "Loan originator" means any natural person who, for
- 4 compensation or in the expectation of compensation, either
- 5 directly or indirectly makes, offers to make, solicits, places,
- 6 or negotiates a residential mortgage loan.
- 7 (ii) "Confidential supervisory information" means any
- 8 report of examination, visitation, or investigation prepared
- 9 by the Commissioner under this Act, any report of examination
- 10 visitation, or investigation prepared by the state regulatory
- 11 authority of another state that examines a licensee, any
- document or record prepared or obtained in connection with or
- 13 relating to any examination, visitation, or investigation, and
- any record prepared or obtained by the Commissioner to the
- 15 extent that the record summarizes or contains information
- derived from any report, document, or record described in this
- 17 subsection. "Confidential supervisory information" does not
- 18 include any information or record routinely prepared by a
- 19 licensee and maintained in the ordinary course of business or
- any information or record that is required to be made publicly
- 21 available pursuant to State or federal law or rule.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 93-561, eff. 1-1-04; 93-1018, eff. 1-1-05.)
- 23 (205 ILCS 635/1-4.1 new)
- Sec. 1-4.1. References to Office or Commissioner of Banks
- and Real Estate. Unless the context requires otherwise:

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Real Estate or "the Office" mean the Department of	_((1)	Refer	ences	sin	this	Act	to	the	Office	of	Banks	and
	Real	Es	state	or	"the	Off	ice"	me	ean	the I	Depa	rtment	of

- (2) References in this Act to the Commissioner of Banks and Real Estate or "the Commissioner" mean the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation.
- 7 (205 ILCS 635/2-2) (from Ch. 17, par. 2322-2)
- 8 Sec. 2-2. Application process; investigation; fee.
- 9 (a) The <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> shall issue a license upon completion of all of the following:
- 11 (1) The filing of an application for license.
 - (2) The filing with the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> of a listing of judgments entered against, and bankruptcy petitions by, the license applicant for the preceding 10 years.
 - (3) The payment, in certified funds, of investigation and application fees, the total of which shall be in an amount equal to $\frac{$2,043}{$2,700}$ annually, however, the Commissioner may increase the investigation and application fees by rule as provided in Section 4-11.
 - (4) Except for a broker applying to renew a license, the filing of an audited balance sheet including all footnotes prepared by a certified public accountant in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and generally accepted auditing principles which evidences

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that the applicant meets the net worth requirements of Section 3-5.

- (5) The filing of proof satisfactory to the Secretary Commissioner that the applicant, the members thereof if the applicant is a partnership or association, the Secretary members or managers thereof that retain any authority or responsibility under the operating agreement if applicant is a limited liability company, or the officers thereof if the applicant is a corporation have 3 years experience preceding application in real estate finance. Instead of this requirement, the applicant the applicant's officers or members, as applicable, may satisfactorily complete a program of education in real estate finance and fair lending, as approved by the Secretary Commissioner, prior to receiving the initial license. The Secretary Commissioner shall promulgate rules regarding proof of experience requirements and educational requirements and the satisfactory completion of those requirements. The Secretary Commissioner may establish by rule a list of duly licensed professionals and others who may be exempt from this requirement.
- (6) An investigation of the averments required by Section 2-4, which investigation must allow the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> to issue positive findings stating that the financial responsibility, experience, character, and general fitness of the license applicant and of the members

thereof if the license applicant is a partnership or association, of the officers and directors thereof if the license applicant is a corporation, and of the managers and members that retain any authority or responsibility under the operating agreement if the license applicant is a limited liability company are such as to command the confidence of the community and to warrant belief that the business will be operated honestly, fairly and efficiently within the purpose of this Act. If the Secretary Commissioner shall not so find, he or she shall not issue such license, and he or she shall notify the license applicant of the denial.

The <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> may impose conditions on a license if the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> determines that the conditions are necessary or appropriate. These conditions shall be imposed in writing and shall continue in effect for the period prescribed by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u>.

(b) All licenses shall be issued in duplicate with one copy being transmitted to the license applicant and the second being retained with the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u>.

Upon receipt of such license, a residential mortgage licensee shall be authorized to engage in the business regulated by this Act. Such license shall remain in full force and effect until it expires without renewal, is surrendered by the licensee or revoked or suspended as hereinafter provided.

(Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 7-1-03; 93-1018, eff. 1-1-05.)

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- (205 ILCS 635/2-6) (from Ch. 17, par. 2322-6) 1
- Sec. 2-6. License issuance and renewal; fee. 2
- 3 (a) Beginning July 1, 2003, licenses shall be renewed every year on the anniversary of the date of issuance of the original 4 5 license. Properly completed renewal application forms and 6 filing fees must be received by the Secretary Commissioner 60 7 days prior to the renewal date.
 - (b) It shall be the responsibility of each licensee to accomplish renewal of its license; failure of the licensee to receive renewal forms absent a request sent by certified mail for such forms will not waive said responsibility. Failure by a licensee to submit a properly completed renewal application form and fees in a timely fashion, absent a written extension from the Secretary Commissioner, will result in the assessment of additional fees, as follows:
 - (1) A fee of \$567.50 \$750 will be assessed to the licensee 30 days after the proper renewal date and \$1,135 \$1,500 each month thereafter, until the license is either renewed or expires pursuant to Section 2-6, subsections (c) and (d), of this Act.
 - (2) Such fee will be assessed without prior notice to the licensee, but will be assessed only in cases wherein the Secretary Commissioner has in his or her possession documentation of the licensee's continuing activity for which the unrenewed license was issued.

- (c) A license which is not renewed by the date required in this Section shall automatically become inactive. No activity regulated by this Act shall be conducted by the licensee when a license becomes inactive. The <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> may require the licensee to provide a plan for the disposition of any residential mortgage loans not closed or funded when the license becomes inactive. The <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> may allow a licensee with an inactive license to conduct activities regulated by this Act for the sole purpose of assisting borrowers in the closing or funding of loans for which the loan application was taken from a borrower while the license was active. An inactive license may be reactivated by the <u>Secretary Commissioner</u> upon payment of the renewal fee, and payment of a reactivation fee equal to the renewal fee.
- (d) A license which is not renewed within one year of becoming inactive shall expire.
- (e) A licensee ceasing an activity or activities regulated by this Act and desiring to no longer be licensed shall so inform the Secretary Commissioner in writing and, at the same time, convey the license and all other symbols or indicia of licensure. The licensee shall include a plan for the withdrawal from regulated business, including a timetable for the disposition of the business. Upon receipt of such written notice, the Commissioner shall issue a certified statement canceling the license.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 7-1-03; 93-561, eff. 1-1-04; 93-1018,

SB2513

- 1 eff. 1-1-05.)
- 2 (205 ILCS 635/4-11) (from Ch. 17, par. 2324-11)
- 3 Sec. 4-11. Costs of Supervision; Examination and
- 4 Investigative Fees. The expenses of administering this Act,
- 5 including investigations and examinations provided for in this
- 6 Act shall be borne by and assessed against entities regulated
- 7 by this Act. Subject to the limitations set forth in Section
- 8 <u>2-2, the Secretary The Commissioner</u> shall establish fees by
- 9 regulation in at least the following categories:
- 10 (1) application fees;
- 11 (2) investigation of license applicant fees;
- 12 (3) examination fees;
- 13 (4) contingent fees;
- and such other categories as may be required to administer this
- 15 Act.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 85-735.)
- 17 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 18 becoming law.

1	INDEX
2	Statutes amended in order of appearance
3	205 ILCS 5/2 from Ch. 17, par. 302
4	205 ILCS 5/2.7 new
5	205 ILCS 5/48 from Ch. 17, par. 359
6	205 ILCS 105/1-10.39 new
7	205 ILCS 105/7-3 from Ch. 17, par. 3307-3
8	205 ILCS 105/7-19.1 from Ch. 17, par. 3307-19.1
9	205 ILCS 105/1-10.04 rep.
10	205 ILCS 205/1007.135 new
11	205 ILCS 205/9002 from Ch. 17, par. 7309-2
12	205 ILCS 305/1.1 from Ch. 17, par. 4402
13	205 ILCS 305/1.2 new
14	205 ILCS 305/12 from Ch. 17, par. 4413
15	205 ILCS 635/1-4 from Ch. 17, par. 2321-4
16	205 ILCS 635/1-4.1 new
17	205 ILCS 635/2-2 from Ch. 17, par. 2322-2
18	205 ILCS 635/2-6 from Ch. 17, par. 2322-6

19 205 ILCS 635/4-11 from Ch. 17, par. 2324-11